



(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(21) Application number: 89302765.6

(51) Int. Cl. 1: G01S 13/87

(22) Date of filing: 21.03.89

(23) Priority: 26.03.88 GB 8807286

(43) Date of publication of application:
04.10.89 Bulletin 89/40

(84) Designated Contracting States:
AT BE CH DE ES FR GR IT LI LU NL SE

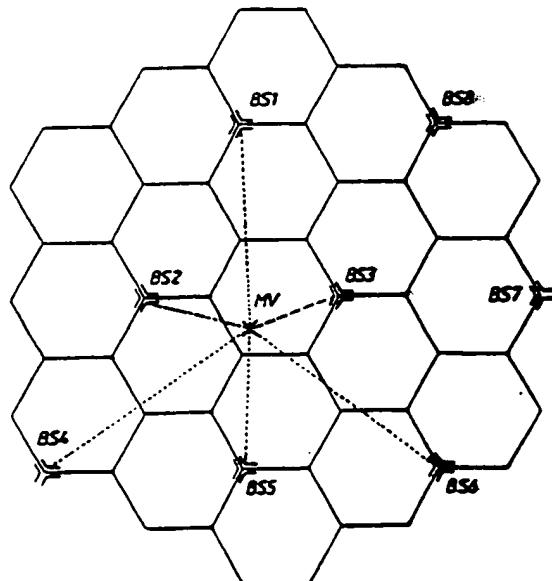
(71) Applicant: THE MARCONI COMPANY LIMITED
The Grove Warren Lane
Stanmore Middlesex HA7 4LY(GB)

(72) Inventor: McCaughan, Daniel Vincent
4 Hall Gardens
Canwick Lincoln LN4 2RG(GB)
Inventor: Sosin, Boleslaw Marian
Frampton Main Road
Boreham Chelmsford Essex CM3 3JF(GB)

(74) Representative: Tolfree, Roger Keith et al.
The General Electric Co. p.l.c. Patent
Department GEC-Marconi Research Centre
West Hanningfield Road
Great Baddow, Chelmsford Essex CM2
8HN(GB)

(54) Radio communication system.

(57) A cellular or similar radio system measures the propagation time for signals to be transmitted between a mobile unit and at least two base stations, thereby obtaining two range measurements. This is used in a triangulation process to estimate the position of the mobile unit.



— BASE STATION COVERING THREE CELLS
X — VEHICLE
— — NORMAL COMMUNICATION PATH
— — POSSIBLE LINE



DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (EPO CLS)
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages		
A	EP-A-0 141 994 (SIEMENS AG) " Abstract; page 1, paragraphs 1.2; page 5, line 14 - page 6, line 15; page 7, line 1 - page 13, last line "	1.6.7	G 01 S 13/87 H 04 B 7/26 H 04 Q 7/04
X	EP-A-0 241 565 (ANT NACHRICHTENTECHNIK) " Abstract; column 1, lines 1-19; column 2, line 1 - column 6, line 33 "	1.6.7	
X	WO-A-8 801 061 (VENTANA SCIENCES INC.) " Abstract; page 1, paragraph 1; page 2, line 22 - page 3, line 21; page 4, line 29 - page 6, line 14; page 7, line 1 - page 9, last line "	1.6.7	
X	US-A-3 714 650 (FULLER et al.) " Abstract; column 1, lines 15-21; column 3, first line - column 4, line 62; column 5, line 28 - column 8, line 21 "	1.3,6,7	
A	US-A-4 229 737 (HELDWEIN et al.) " Abstract; column 2, line 20 - column 3, line 64; column 5, line 37 - column 7, line 44 "	1.3,6,7	
P,A	US-A-4 791 572 (GREEN, III et al.) " Abstract; column 2, line 22 - column 3, last line "	1.2	TECHNICAL FIELD SEARCHED (S) CLO
E	EP-A-0 320 913 (OY NOKIA AB) " Abstract; column 3, line 14 - column 4, last line "	1-3.6,7	G 01 S H 04 B H 04 Q
E	EP-A-0 367 935 (ROBERT BOSCH GmbH) " Abstract; column 2, line 1 - column 3, line 15 "	1-3.6,7	
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims.			
Place of search	Date of completion of search	Examiner	
The Hague	17 December 90	OLDROYD	

CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS:

X: prior art document in itself relevant
Y: prior art document which, combined with another document, provides relevant information
A: document relied upon to support a claim
G: general technical knowledge or common sense
P: publication referred to by the applicant
T: document relied upon to support a claim

E: earliest published document, but published later than the application

B: document published earlier than the application

D: document published at the same time as the application



Europäisches Patentamt
European Patent Office
Office européen des brevets



0 335 558 A3

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(21) Application number: 89302765.6

(51) Int. Cl.⁵: G01S 13/87

(22) Date of filing: 21.03.89

(30) Priority: 26.03.88 GB 8807286

(43) Date of publication of application:
04.10.89 Bulletin 89/40

(64) Designated Contracting States:
AT BE CH DE ES FR GR IT LI LU NL SE

(86) Date of deferred publication of the search report:
20.03.91 Bulletin 91/12

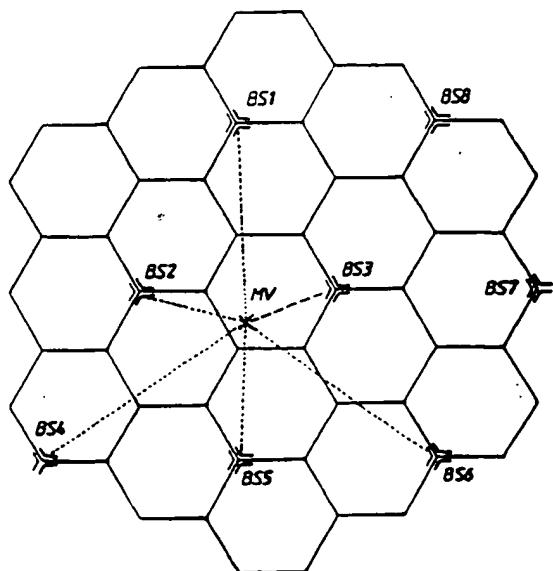
(71) Applicant: THE MARCONI COMPANY LIMITED
The Grove Warren Lane
Stanmore Middlesex HA7 4LY(GB)

(72) Inventor: McCaughan, Daniel Vincent
4 Hall Gardens
Canwick Lincoln LN4 2RG(GB)
Inventor: Sosin, Boleslaw Marian
Frampton Main Road
Boreham Chelmsford Essex CM3 3JF(GB)

(74) Representative: Tolfree, Roger Keith et al
The General Electric Co. p.l.c. Patent
Department GEC-Marconi Research Centre
West Hanningfield Road
Great Baddow, Chelmsford Essex CM2
8HN(GB)

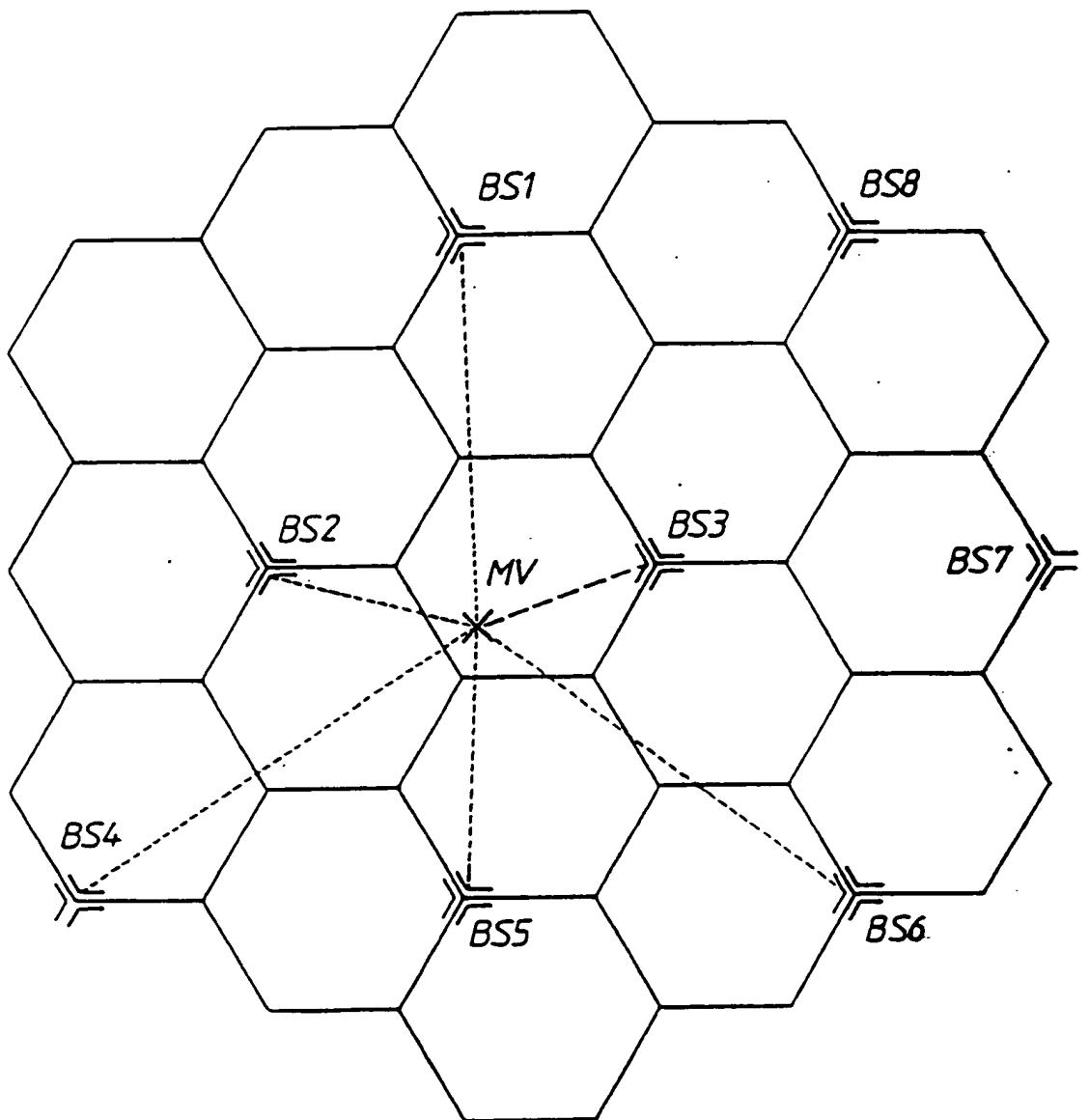
(54) Radio communication system.

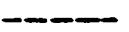
(57) A cellular or similar radio system measures the propagation time for signals to be transmitted between a mobile unit and at least two base stations, thereby obtaining two range measurements. This is used in a triangulation process to estimate the position of the mobile unit.



— BASE STATION COVERING THREE CELLS
X — VEHICLE
— NORMAL COMMUNICATION PATH
— POSSIBLE LINKS

EP 0 335 558 A3



-  — BASE STATION COVERING THREE CELLS
-  — VEHICLE
-  — NORMAL COMMUNICATION PATH
-  — POSSIBLE LINKS

Radio Communication System

This invention relates to a radio communication system of the type having a number of stations at known locations, hereinafter called "base stations", a movable station, and a facility for observing transmissions between the movable station and the base stations and for selecting, depending on the results of this observation, the best base station for the movable station to use for communication purposes.

The "observation" can take place just at the initiation of a communication, or may occur at regular intervals or even continuously during a communication. In the latter case a facility is provided for "handover" from one base station to the other during the communication with the minimum interruption to it.

The invention arose from a realisation that communication systems of the aforementioned type could, in a manner similar to a secondary radar system, be adapted to provide a measurement of the range of the movable stations from each of at least two base stations, and thence by a process of triangulation, to provide an indication of the location of the movable station.

The invention provides a radio communication system of the aforesaid type characterised by means for making measurements of the times for transmission of signals between the movable station and at least two base stations and means for deriving, from the measurements, an estimate of the location of the movable station.

The range measurements can be made to varying degrees of accuracy depending on the design of the equipment used. If the accuracy obtained is inadequate it can be improved by storing, e.g. at a base station, data representing a road map, and adjusting the estimate of location using an assumption that the movable station is located on a road.

One way in which the invention may be performed will now be described with reference to the accompanying schematic drawing of a cellular radio system constructed in accordance with the invention.

Referring to the drawing there is shown an area of terrain comprising a number of base-stations BS1 to BS8 each serving three "cells" indicated by the hexagonal areas. The base-stations are linked to each other by land lines (not shown) and to the public telephone network.

Initiation of the request for vehicle location information may be given from the vehicle itself or for example by a fixed fleet operator's unit linked to a base-station by a dedicated land line.

A vehicle-mounted mobile unit MU continu-

ously monitors transmissions from all base-stations in its vicinity (which all operate on different frequencies) and selects the base-station (say BS3) from which the strongest signal is received. In alternative arrangements it could make the selection on some assessment of the quality of the signal other than its strength. The mobile unit then automatically selects the frequency appropriate to the selected base-station. It is then able to communicate with that base-station and thence to other mobile units or to anyone else connected to the public telephone network.

On receipt of a request for vehicle location, the base-station BS3 currently serving the mobile unit selects the adjacent base-stations BS 1, 2, 4, 5 and 6. These then all send acknowledgement-request signals to the mobile unit and the mobile responds to each of these by transmitting an "acknowledgment" signal. The time delay between transmission of each acknowledgement request signal and receipt of the acknowledgement signal is measured at each appropriate base-station and these measurements are collected at BS3 where they are (a) adjusted by subtracting a time value equivalent to the response time of the mobile unit; (b) converted into range values and (c) used in a triangulation calculation to produce an estimate of the location of the mobile unit. Each base-station has a digitised road map of the areas surrounding it and the co ordinates of point on a road nearest to the estimated location of the mobile unit are then assumed to be the actual co-ordinates of the vehicle. These may then be transmitted to the vehicle or used for other purposes. The location of the vehicle and the road map of the area around it may usefully be displayed visually either in the vehicle, at the base-station or elsewhere via suitable communications links such as the public telephone network.

This system may also be of value in identifying the position of vehicles making malicious calls, or indeed stolen vehicles.

It should be noted that the illustrated system is designed to make six range measurements. This is not essential. Two measurements would be sufficient to give a useful indication of position, but would result in an ambiguity even on flat ground. Three measurements would be sufficient to give a non-ambiguous position on flat ground. Four would in theory be sufficient to give a non-ambiguous position on contoured ground.

Claims

1. A radio communication system comprising a plurality of stations at known locations, hereinafter called "base stations", a movable station, and a facility for observing transmissions between the movable station and the base stations and for selecting, depending on the results of this observation, the best base station for the movable station to use for communication purposes; characterised by means for making measurements of the times for transmission of signals between the movable station and at least two base stations and means for deriving, from the measurements, an estimate of the location of the movable station.

2. A system according to claim 1 comprising means for storing data representing a road map and means for correcting the said estimate by making an assumption that the movable station is located on a road.

3. A system according to claim 1 or 2 in which each measurement is of the round-trip time for a first signal to be sent in one direction from one station to another and for a second signal to be sent, in response to receipt of the first, in the reverse direction.

4. A system according to claim 3 comprising means for correcting each measurement to take into consideration a finite response time of the station receiving the first signal.

5. A system according to claim 1 and substantially as described with reference to the accompanying drawings and substantially as illustrated therein.

6. A movable station for use in a system according to any preceding claim.

7. A base station for use in a system according to any preceding claim.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

**This Page is Inserted by IFW Indexing and Scanning
Operations and is not part of the Official Record**

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

- BLACK BORDERS**
- IMAGE CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES**
- FADED TEXT OR DRAWING**
- BLURRED OR ILLEGIBLE TEXT OR DRAWING**
- SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES**
- COLOR OR BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPHS**
- GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS**
- LINES OR MARKS ON ORIGINAL DOCUMENT**
- REFERENCE(S) OR EXHIBIT(S) SUBMITTED ARE POOR QUALITY**
- OTHER: _____**

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

As rescanning these documents will not correct the image problems checked, please do not report these problems to the IFW Image Problem Mailbox.